

**EUROMAT 2019/ Symposia Structure/Area D****SYMPORIUM: D8**

<b>Title: Multiscale and Multiphysics Modelling of Materials, Processes and Devices</b>		
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<b>Summary</b>		
This symposium is dedicated to multiscale modelling methods aiming to describe complex phenomena in which several mechanisms with disparately different characteristic time- and space-scales take place. Such systems include crack propagation, epitaxial growth, and multiphase fluid including flows with moving contact lines as well as nano and micro lice NEMS and MEMS as well as processes of fabrication of materials like CVD etc.  We invite contributions implementing different multiscale modeling methods such as atomistic modeling with molecular dynamics (classical and ab-initio) or Monte Carlo, coarse grained methods such as dissipative particle dynamics, iterative Boltzmann inversion, hybrid multiscale methods, hierarchical multiscale modeling, continuum methods (based e.g. on finite elements) and atomistic-based continuum methods.		
<b>Scope</b>		
Multiscale (fluid-solid) materials modelling combines synergistically existing and emerging methods from different scientific disciplines in order to bridge the wide range of time- and length-scales that are present in various phenomena and processes in materials science such as epitaxial growth, multiphase fluid flows in complex environments (such as fractured and porous media) and associated wetting effects, fluid-solid interaction including interaction between solids and complex fluids and failure of multifunctional materials and nanocomposites. The appropriate modeling of the complex behavior of fluid-solid materials represents a significant technological and financial interest. The appropriate description of various phenomena necessitates the atomistic modeling using ab-initio or classical molecular dynamics, however such methods are computationally prohibitive despite drastic		

improvement in computational power and necessarily restrict the analysis to small scales. Thus, mesoscopic methods based on coarse graining techniques such as dissipative particle dynamics and other particle methods have been developed in recent years. The combination of such methods with classical continuum methods based e.g. on finite-element discretization, is particularly attractive as it leads to models with high computational efficiency and allows bridging the nano- with the macro-scale.

In particular, there are two main multiscale modelling strategies that are being pursued. The hierarchical/parameter passing framework where parameters extracted at smaller scales are used as input at modelling at larger scales and the concurrent approach tries to solve all scales concurrently.

Today multiscale modelling is a truly cross disciplinary area which involves physicists and applied mathematicians, as well as engineers, chemists and biologists on the academic front, and industrial scientists and engineers on the applied front. The proposed symposium aims to address recent advances in this rapidly growing field by bringing together leading experts from different communities.

### Topics

- Multiscale (fluid-solid) modeling
- Coarse grained methods
- Molecular dynamics (classical and ab-initio)
- Dissipative particle dynamics
- Dynamic force mapping
- Iterative Boltzmann inversion
- Concurrent multiscale schemes
- Hybrid multiscale schemes
- Hierarchical multiscale schemes
- Smoothed particle hydrodynamics
- Fluid-particle models
- Continuum methods (e.g. finite elements)
- Atomistic-based continuum methods
- Fluid-solid interactions
- Solid-fluid systems
- Complex flow modeling
- NEMS and MEMS modelling

The symposium organizers are planning to arrange special thematic issues for selected papers of the conference in international journals